### **UNIT ONE: 20 PORTRAITS**

Explore the creative process through media experimentation to make variety portraiture. You are encouraged to take risks with your art-making through a variety of individual and collaborative creative challenges.

# Create 20 different portraits, each in a different style, media, concept, etc. Limited series are possible, as are common themes.

By focusing on self-portraiture students will develop their understanding of anatomy and figurative art while exploring expressive techniques to represent personal identity. How can the artist's own concepts and ideas, personality and emotions be expressed through processes and choices of media and techniques? Students will work collaboratively to present their self portraits in a gallery, a screening, or display around the building etc.

#### Make notes and collate research

A survey of portaiture will be presented as a warm up to this activity comparing styles, concepts and portraiture presentations, i.e. Byzantine up to Picasso and on to Cindy Sherman etc

## **Assessment For and Of Learning**

- Sketchbooks -sketches, experiments and research
- The 20 portraits
- Student/teacher conferencing
- · Anecdotal comments
- Descriptive Oral Critiques
- Rubric

#### **Performance Task For Evaluation**

• The 20 portraits

# **Prompts**

- Graphic images to represent subjects from the real world. All graphic images are *abstractions* that may be classified within three basic types: (1) **projections**, (2) **likenesses**, (3) **surrogate images**.

From sketch

without fear; 100

faces in 30 seconds with a fine liner

**Projections** are "point-to-point" representations of a subject; photographs, shadows, maps, drawings, paintings, and sculptures can be highly accurate representations of the original subject. Trompe l'oeil art, or the super-realistic paintings of William Harnett, fall within this category as well.

**Likenesses** are *stylized* representations of a subject; they can be take the form of caricatures, simplified drawings, or any graphic form that is abstracted yet retains recognizable aspects of the original subject.

**Surrogate Images** are representations of a *symbolic* nature; certain shapes, forms, or marks *stand-in* for the original subject *(Lesson 1-2)*. They are a kind of symbolic shorthand wherein lines and shapes that are entirely different from the original subject are substituted in order to gain symbolic expression. The portrayal of a *cube with wings of wax*, for example, may be said to be a surrogate image of Icarus, the adventurous youth of Greek mythology.



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# **Other Examples**

Combine text and image to reflect on your unique qualities and abilities, the value of their own opinions, and the power of personal expression. To create a graphic story (comic, manga, zine, etc).

- Explore a variety of media as well as different surfaces, with particular emphasis on transparencies and layers.
- Consider that an individual's identity can change and is in flux in different times and spaces.



Copy machine Smashed Face a self portrait in charcoal. Students look for shape and value and not so concern about getting the perfect eyes, nose etc

# **DEADLINE: September 19th (display 22/23<sup>rd</sup>)**

Rubric

The student demonstrates the specified	a high degree	considerable	some	limited
knowledge and skills with	of	effectiveness	effectiveness	effectiveness
	effectiveness			
THINKING e.g., extend their skills in	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2	Level 1
working with a range of media; creative	Level 4	Level 5	Level 2	Level 1
process 'imagining & generating', Planning &				
Focusing', 'Exploring Experimenting'				
A1.2 apply, with increasing fluency and				
flexibility,				
the appropriate stages of the creative process				
to produce two- and three-dimensional art works				
using a variety of traditional and				
contemporary				
media <sup>1</sup>				
THINKING Sketchbook				
A1.3 document their use of each stage of the				
creative process, and provide evidence of				(2.0
critical inquiry A3.1 use with increasing skill				/20
a wide variety of media				
or media				
COMMUNICATION Display				
creative process 'presenting & performing'				
A3.3 demonstrate a understanding of the				
appropriate standards and conventions for				
presenting art works for a variety of purposes				/10
CREATION				
A2.1 produce two- and three-dimensional				
art works that express personal feelings and				
communicate specific emotions				/10
Research/Connections				
KNOWLEDGE e.g., techniques, elements,				
principles, forms, structures, conventions				
UNDERSTANDING e.g., concepts, ideas,				
<b>styles</b> , procedures, processes, themes, relationships among elements, informed opinions				/10
relationships among elements, informed opinions	1			/10
	1	<u> </u>	1	